

QUIZ #4 – Solutions

Each problem is worth 5 points

15 points total

1.

The auxiliary equation is $0 = m^4 + 5m^2 + 4 = (m^2 + 1)(m^2 + 4)$ with solutions $m = \pm i, \pm 2i$. A general solution of the differential equation is therefore $y(x) = C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x + C_3 \cos 2x + C_4 \sin 2x$.

2.

The auxiliary equation is $0 = 2m^2 + 16m + 82$ with solutions $m = -4 \pm 5i$. A general solution of the associated homogeneous equation is $y_h(x) = e^{-4x}(C_1 \cos 5x + C_2 \sin 5x)$. By operators,

$$\begin{aligned} y_p &= \frac{1}{2D^2 + 16D + 82}(-2e^{2x} \sin x) = -\frac{1}{D^2 + 8D + 41} \operatorname{Im}[e^{(2+i)x}] = -\operatorname{Im} \left[\frac{1}{D^2 + 8D + 41} e^{(2+i)x} \right] \\ &= -\operatorname{Im} \left[e^{(2+i)x} \frac{1}{(D + 2 + i)^2 + 8(D + 2 + i) + 41} (1) \right] = -\operatorname{Im} \left[e^{(2+i)x} \frac{1}{60 + 12i + \dots} (1) \right] \\ &= -\frac{1}{12} \operatorname{Im} \left[e^{(2+i)x} \frac{1}{5 + i} \frac{5 - i}{5 - i} \right] = \frac{-1}{12} \operatorname{Im} \left[e^{(2+i)x} \frac{5 - i}{26} \right] \\ &= \frac{-1}{312} \operatorname{Im} [e^{2x} (\cos x + i \sin x)(5 - i)] = -\frac{e^{2x}}{312} (-\cos x + 5 \sin x). \end{aligned}$$

By undetermined coefficients, $y_p = Ae^{2x} \sin x + Be^{2x} \cos x$. Substitution into the differential equation gives

$$\begin{aligned} &2(4Ae^{2x} \sin x + 4Ae^{2x} \cos x - Ae^{2x} \sin x + 4Be^{2x} \cos x - 4Be^{2x} \sin x - Be^{2x} \cos x) \\ &+ 16(2Ae^{2x} \sin x + Ae^{2x} \cos x + 2Be^{2x} \cos x - Be^{2x} \sin x) \\ &+ 82(Ae^{2x} \sin x + Be^{2x} \cos x) = -2e^{2x} \sin x. \end{aligned}$$

When we equate coefficients of $e^{2x} \sin x$ and $e^{2x} \cos x$:

$$120A - 24B = -2, \quad 120B + 24A = 0.$$

These imply that $A = -5/312$ and $B = 1/312$, and once again $y_p = e^{2x}(\cos x - 5 \sin x)/312$. A general solution of the differential equation is therefore

$$y(x) = e^{-4x}(C_1 \cos 5x + C_2 \sin 5x) + e^{2x}(\cos x - 5 \sin x)/312.$$

3.

The auxiliary equation is $0 = 2m^3 - 6m^2 - 12m + 16 = 2(m - 1)(m - 4)(m + 2)$ with solutions $m = 1, -2, 4$. A general solution of the associated homogeneous equation is $y_h(x) = C_1 e^x + C_2 e^{-2x} + C_3 e^{4x}$. Undetermined coefficients suggests $y_p(x) = Ax^2 e^x + Bx e^x + Cx^3 + Dx^2 + Ex + F + G \cos x + H \sin x$.